Name

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## Density Worksheet Physical Science D=m/V

Densities of Common Substances @ 20°C			
Substance	Density (g/cm³)	Substance	Density (g/cm³)
Oxygen	0.00133	Aluminum	2.70
Hydrogen	0.000084	Iron	7.87
Ethanol	0.785	Copper	8.96
Benzene	0.880	Silver	10.5
Water	1.000	Lead	11.34
Magnesium	1.74	Mercury	13.6
Salt (sodium chloride)	2.16	Gold	19.32

1. The ratio of an object's mass to its \_\_\_\_\_\_ is called the *density* of the object.

2. A kilogram of lead occupies a much smaller volume than a kilogram of water, because \_\_\_\_\_\_ has a much higher *density*.

3. For the masses and volumes indicated, calculate the **density** in grams per cubic centimeters.

- a. mass = 453 g; volume = 225 cm3
- b. mass = 5.0 g; volume = 10.0 cm3
- c. mass = 26.1 g; volume = 2.0 mL

4. If 89.2 mL of a liquid has a mass of 75.2 g, calculate the liquid's density.

5. A cube of metal weighs 1450 g and displaces 542 mL of water when immersed. Calculate the density of the metal.

- 6. Calculate the volume of 50.0 g of each of the following substances:
  - a. sodium chloride
  - b. mercury
  - c. benzene
  - d. silver
- 7. Calculate the mass of 50.0cm<sup>3</sup> of each of the following substances.
  - a. gold
  - b. iron
  - c. lead
  - d. aluminum

8. A cubic block of one of the substances listed on the chart has a side length of 5.0 cm and a mass of 224 grams. Which material is it?

9. Archemedes was commissioned to determine if the crown given to the king was pure gold or not. If the crown had a mass of 882 grams and displaced 50.0 mL of water, was the crown pure gold? Show the calculation.